



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-21/0929 of 26 November 2021

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection

Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

CELO Befestigungssysteme GmbH Industriestraße 6 86551 Aichach DEUTSCHLAND

Werk 2, Deutschland

24 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-01-0601, Edition 06/2021



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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm or the tension anchor ZA of sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus EPPSF are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 and/or 100 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading	See Annex C 1
Characteristic resistance under seismic loading	See Annex B 4 and C 2

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Reaction to fire	Class A1		
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 3 to C 4		

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-01-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1



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5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 26 November 2021 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock Head of Section *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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Figure A1: Overlapping joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams

Installation post installed rebar

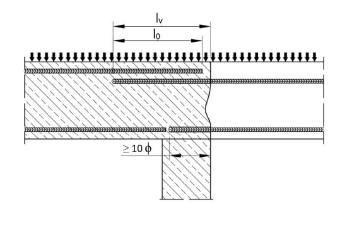


Figure A3: End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

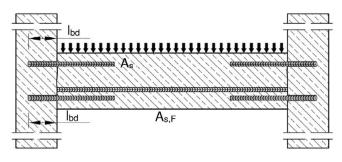


Figure A5: Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force

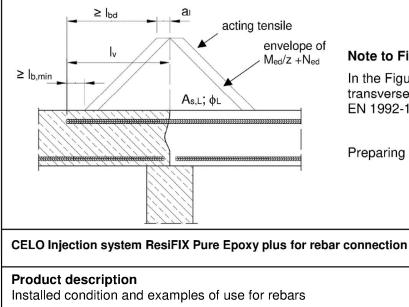


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

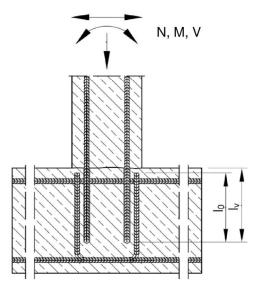
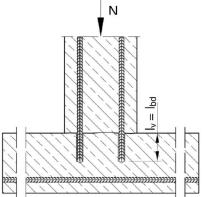


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars are stressed in compression



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

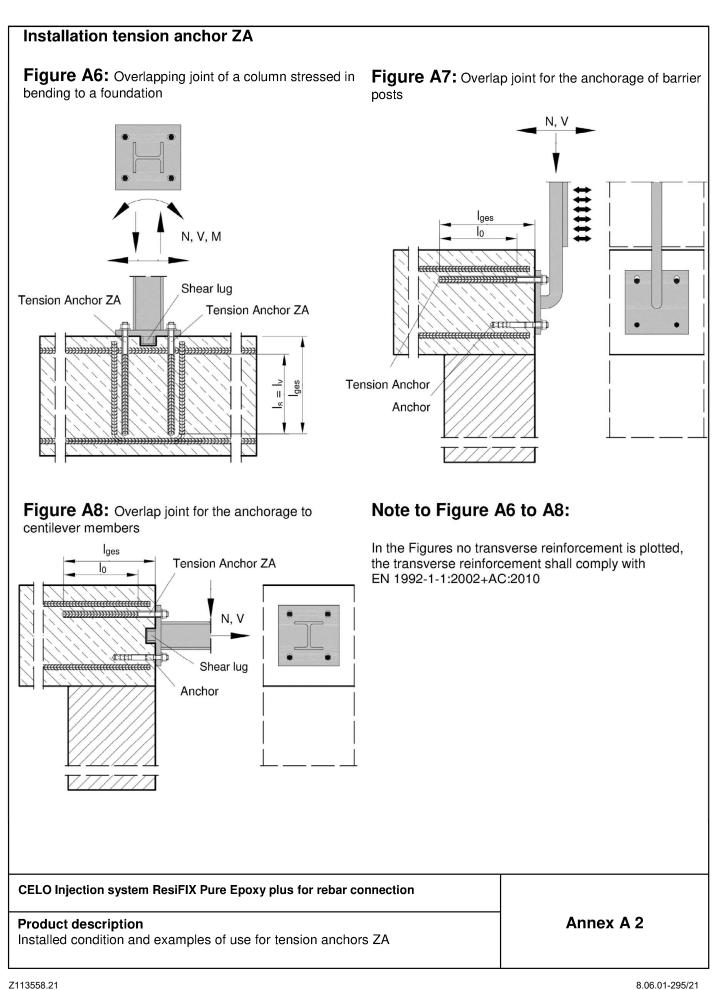
In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Annex A 1

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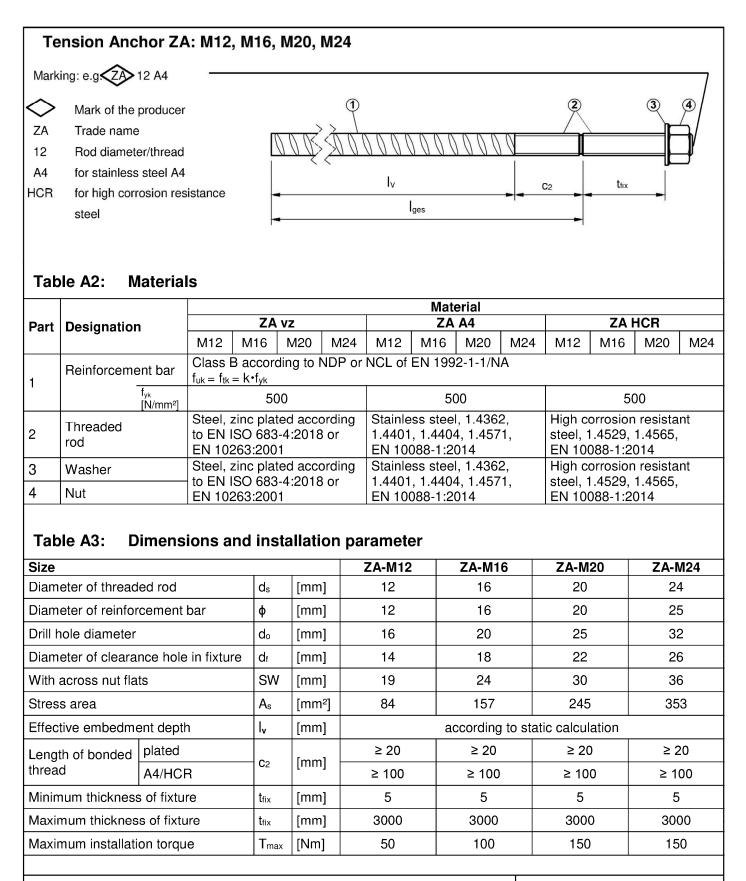


CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus:	
processing not hazard-code, c	X Pure Epoxy plus EPPSF, es, charge-code, shelf life, uring- and processing time the temperature), Optional with
Static Mixer: MDE	50
Piston plug VS and mixer	
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25 Image: Comparison of the second secon	, ø28, ø32, ø34, ø36, ø40
CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection	
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar / Tension Anchor ZA	Annex A 3



Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14	4, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25	, ø28, ø32, ø34, ø36, ø40
Minimum value of related rip area f _{R,min} according	g to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:20	NNNNNN AAAAAAAAA 10
 Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05φ (φ: Nominal diameter of the bar; h_{rib}: Rib height of Table A1: Materials 		
Designation	Material	
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods clas f_{yk} and k according to NDP or $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$	
CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for r	rebar connection	
Product description Materials Rebar		Annex A 4





CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection

Product description

Annex A 5

Specifications Tension Anchor ZA



Specifications of intended use								
Anchorages subject to: static and quasi-static loads seismic action								
Hammer drilling (HD), Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (HDB), Compressed air drilling (CD), Or Diamond drilling (DD)	for a working life of 50 years	Ø8 to Ø40 ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	Ø10 to Ø40					
	for a working life of 100 years	Ø8 to Ø40 ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	Ø10 to Ø40					
	Fire exposure	No performance assessed						
Temperature Range:	(max long-term te	- 40°C to +80°C mperature +50 °C and max short-	term temperature +80 °C)					

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013 + A1:2016.
- · Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of ϕ + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Use conditions (Environmental conditions) with tension anchor ZA:

- · Structures subject to dry internal conditions (all materials).
- For all other conditions according to EN 1993-1-4:2006+A1:2015 corresponding to corrosion resistance class:
 - Stainless steel Stahl A4 according to Annex A 4, Table A1: CRC III
 - High corrosion resistance steel HCR according to Annex A 4, Table A1: CRC V

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B 2 and B 3.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- · Dry or wet concrete. It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Overhead installation allowed.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hammer drill with hollow drill bit (HDB), diamond drill (DD) or compressed air drill (CD).
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

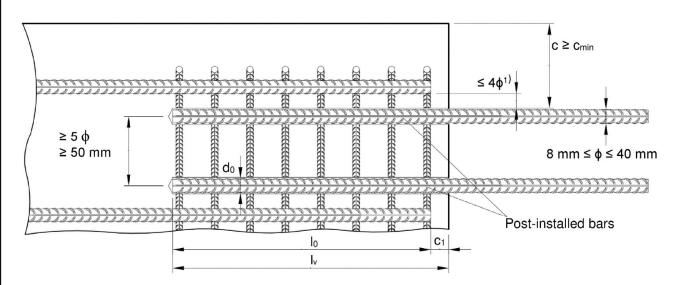
CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy	plus for rebar connection
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Intended use Specifications



Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4¢, then the lap length shall be increased by the 1) difference between the clear bar distance and 4¢.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- concrete cover of post-installed rebar С
- concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar **C**1
- minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2 Cmin diameter of post-installed rebar φ
- lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3 0
- effective embedment depth, $\geq I_0 + c_1$ l,
- nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 5 d_0

Intended use

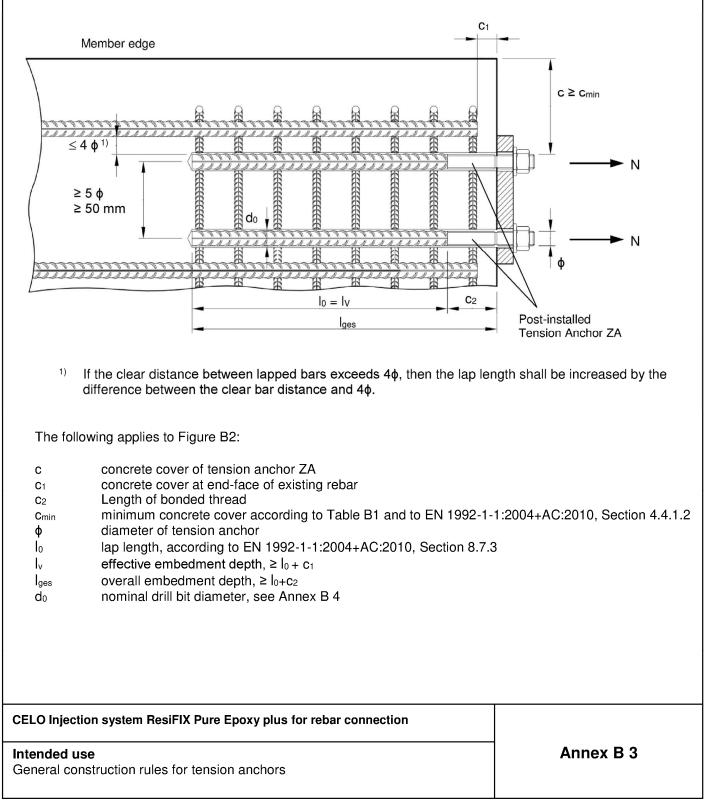
Annex B 2

General construction rules for post-installed rebars



Figure B2: General construction rules for tension anchors ZA

- The length of the bonded-in thread may be not be accounted as anchorage.
- Only tension forces in the direction of the bar axis may be transmitted by the tension anchor ZA.
- · The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transfer of shear forces shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g shear lugs or by anchors with an European technical assessment.
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchors shall be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force.





	stalled r	rete cover min c ¹⁾ of ebar depending of d	rilling		
Drilling method diam		Without drilling aid	With c	Irilling aid	
Hammer drilling (HD), < 25		30 mm + 0,06 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	30 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ		
Hammer drilling with hollow drill (HDB)	≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	40 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	Drilling aid	
<u>x</u> <u>x</u>	< 25 mm	Drill rig used as drilling	 Manual Annual Annua Annual Annual Annu		
Diamond drilling (DD)	≥ 25 mm		40 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ		
Compressed air	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · l _v	50 mm + 0,02 · l _v		
drilling (CD)	≥ 25 mm	60 mm + 0,08 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	60 mm + 0,02 · l _v ≥ 2 φ	~~~ Ш	
For minimum concre	te cover in c	ete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2 ase of seismic action c _{min,seis} ete cover min c _{min,seis}	004+AC:2010 must be observe see Table B2.	d	
Drilling method		Design condition	Distance of 1 st edge	Distance of 2 nd edge	
Hammer drilling (HD), Hammer drilling with hollow		Edge	≥ 2 ¢	≥ 2 ¢	
drill (HDB), Compressed air drilling	(CD)	Corner	≥ 2 ¢	≥2φ	
		Edge	≥ 4 ¢	≥ 8 ¢	
Diamond drilling (DD)		Corner	≥ 6 ¢	≥6 ¢	
Table B3: Base m Temperature in bas material	e	Maximum ing- / working time ¹⁾	ime and curing time Initial curing time in dry concrete ²⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ³⁾	
0.00 +		t _{gel}	t _{cure,ini}	t _{cure}	
0 °C to + 4°C		80 min	30 h	144 h	
+ 5 °C to + 9°C		80 min	20 h	48 h	
+ 10 °C to + 14°C		60 min	15 h	28 h	
+ 15 °C to + 19°C		40 min	9 h	18 h	
+ 20 °C to + 24°C		30 min	6 h	12 h	
+ 25 °C to + 34°C		12 min	4 h	9 h	
+ 35 °C to + 39°C		8 min	3 h	6 h	
+40 °C		8 min	1,5 h	4 h	
Cartridge temperatur	e		+5°C to +40°C		
¹⁾ t _{gel} : maximum time from	starting of n	ortar injection to completing	of rebar setting.		

 $^{1)}\,t_{\text{gel}}$: maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting.

²⁾ After t_{cure,ini} has elapsed, the installation of the connecting reinforcement and the construction of the formwork can be continued ³⁾ In wet concrete the curing times must be doubled.

CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection

Intended use
Minimum concrete cover
Gelling and curing time



Table B4: Dispensing tools								
Cartridge type/size	Har	nd tool	Pneumatic tool					
Side-by-side cartridges 440, 585 ml								
	e.g. SA 296C585	e.g. Typ H 244 C	e.g. Typ TS 444 KX					
Side-by-side cartridges 1400 ml	-	-	e.g. Typ TS 471					
Ale cartridges can be use	d with battery tool as well.							
Cleaning and install	ation tools							
1								
	n contains the Heller Duster inimum negative pressure c							
Brush RB:		SDS Plus Ac	lapter:					
LIZZZZZZZ	Annann.	d _b						
Brush extension:								
Piston Plug VS	Hand pump (volume 75		mpressed air tool de valve (min 6 bar)					
CELO Injection system Re	siFIX Pure Epoxy plus for re	bar connection						
Intended Use Dispensing, cleaning and	installation tools		Annex B 5					



Tabl	e B5:					•	-		-	depth and ^r (CD) drill		er extensi	ion, h	ammer		
		Drill		dı		d _{b,min}		Ca	artridge: 440	ml or	585 ml	Cartric	Cartridge: 1400 ml			
Bar size	Tension anchor	ł	oit - Q	t - \emptyset d _b min. Brush - Piston Hand or battery Pneumati		a₀ sh₋⊘ Brush -				d₀ Brush - Ø				matic tool	Pneu	umatic tool
φ	ф	HD	DD	CD			Ø	prag	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension		
[mm]	[mm]		[m	m]		[mm]	[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		[mm]			
8	-	1	0	-	RB10	11,5	10,5	-	250		250	-	250			
	-	1	2	-	RB12	13,5	12,5	_	700		800	-	800	VL10/0,75		
10	-					,.	,0		250		250	0 10 10 2! 112 12 0 14	250	or		
	-	1	4	-	RB14	15,5	14,5	VS14	700		1000 250		1000	VL16/1,8		
12	ZA-M12					,	,		250				250			
			16		RB16	17,5	16,5	VS16					1200			
14	-		18		RB18		18,5	VS18	700	VL10/0,75	1300		1400			
16	ZA-M16		20		RB20	22,0	20,5	VS20		or		VL10/0,75	1600			
20	ZA-M20	2	5	-	RB25	27,0	25,5	VS25		VL16/1,8		or				
	2/(10/20		-	26	RB26		26,5	VS25				VL16/1,8				
22	-		28		RB28		28,5	VS28								
24/25	ZA-M24		30		RB30	32,0	30,5	VS30	500					VL16/1,8		
24/23			32		RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32			1000		2000			
28	-		35		RB35	37,0	35,5	VS35					2000			
32/34	-		40		RB40	43,5	40,5	VS40								
36	-		45		RB45	47,0	45,5	VS45								
40	-	-	52	-	RB52	54,0	52,5	VS52	-	-						
40	-	55	-	55	RB55	58,0	55,5	VS55								

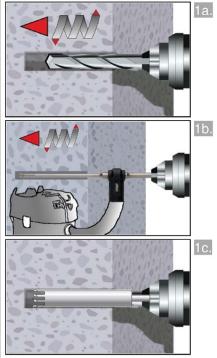
Table B6: Brushes, piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension, hammerdrilling with hollow drill bit system (HDB)

_		Drill		$\mathbf{d}_{b,min}$		C	artridge: 440) ml or 5	i85 ml	Cartrid	ge: 1400 ml		
Bar size	Tension anchor	bit - Ø	d _b	min. Brush -	Piston	Hand or	battery tool	Pneu	neumatic tool		Pneumatic tool		
φ	φ	HDB	Brush - Ø	Ø	plug	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension	I _{v,max}	Mixer extension		
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]				[mm]		[mm]		[mm]			
8	-	10			-	250		250		250			
0	-	12			_	700		800		800	·		
10	-	12			_	250		250		250			
10	-	14				700		1000		1000			
12	74 1410	14			VS14	250		250		250			
12	ZA-M12	16		VS16						14 4 9 19 75			
14	-	18		No cleaning Required	VS18	700	VL10/0,75		VL10/0,75 or VL16/1,8	1000	VL10/0,75 or VL16/1,8		
16	ZA-M16	20	nequ	lieu	VS20		or VL16/1,8						
20	ZA-M20	25			VS25		VE10/1,0						
22		28			VS28			1000					
04/05	74 4404	30				VS30	VS30	500					
24/25	ZA-M24	32			VS32	500					-		
28		35			VS35								
32/34		40			VS40								
	CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection									nex B	6		
	lation too	ls							A		0		



A) Bore hole drilling

Note: Before drilling, remove carbonated concrete and clean contact areas (see Annex B1) In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.



Hammer (HD) or compressed air drilling (CD)

Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar. Proceed with Step B1 (MAC or CAC).

Hollow drill bit system (HDB) (see Annex B 5)

Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar. This drilling system removes the dust and cleans the bore hole during drilling. Proceed with Step C.

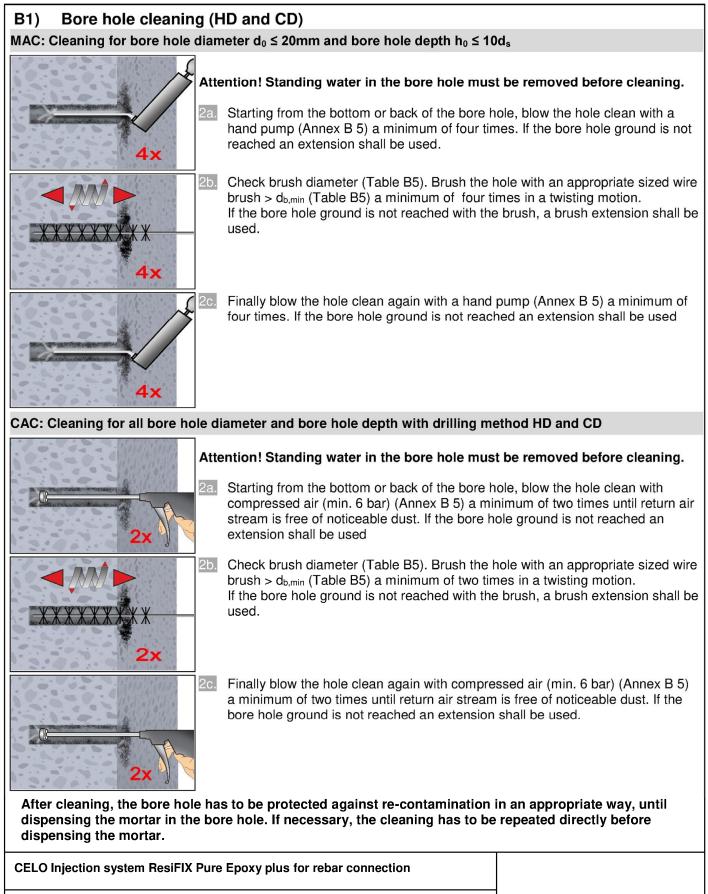
Diamond drilling (DD)

Drill with diamond drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected anchor Proceed with Step B2.

CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection

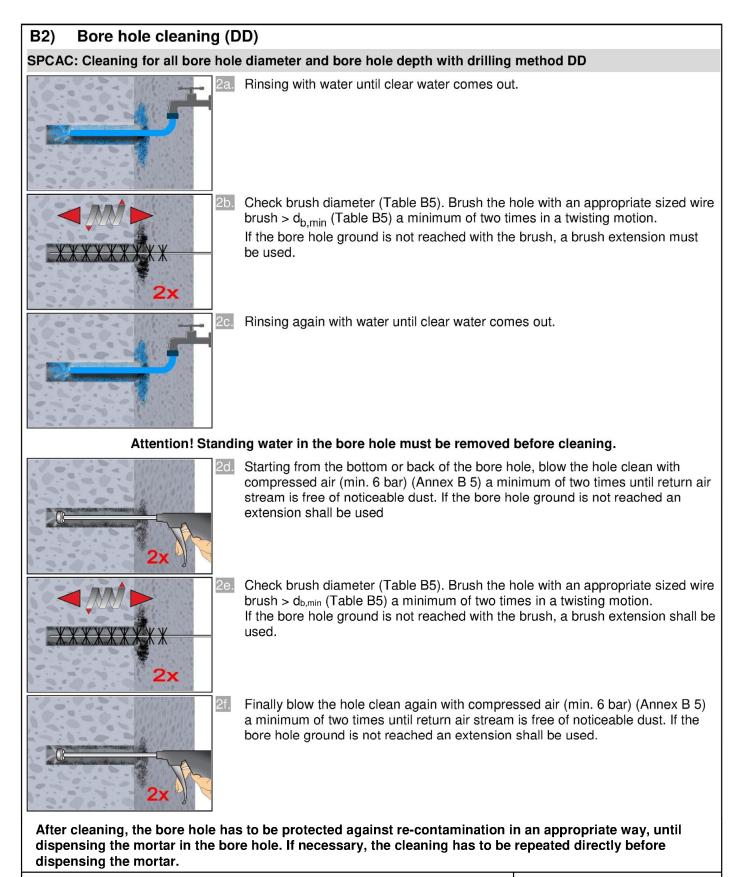
Intended use Installation instruction: Bore hole drilling (HD, CD, HDB and DD)





Intended use Installation instruction: Bore hole cleaning (HD and CD)



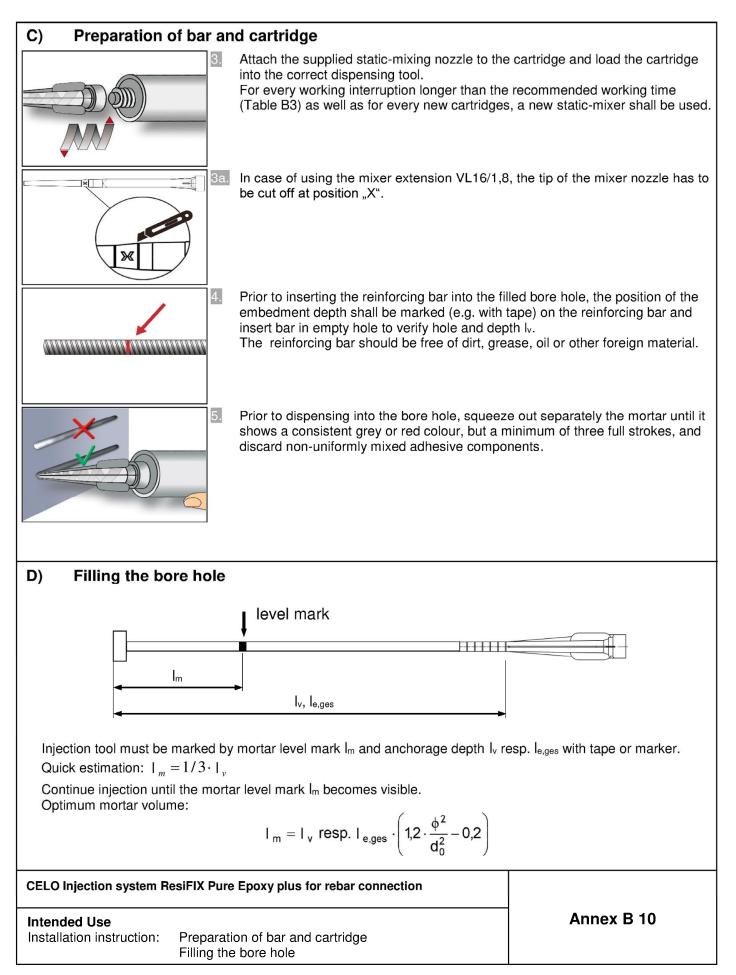


CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection

Intended use

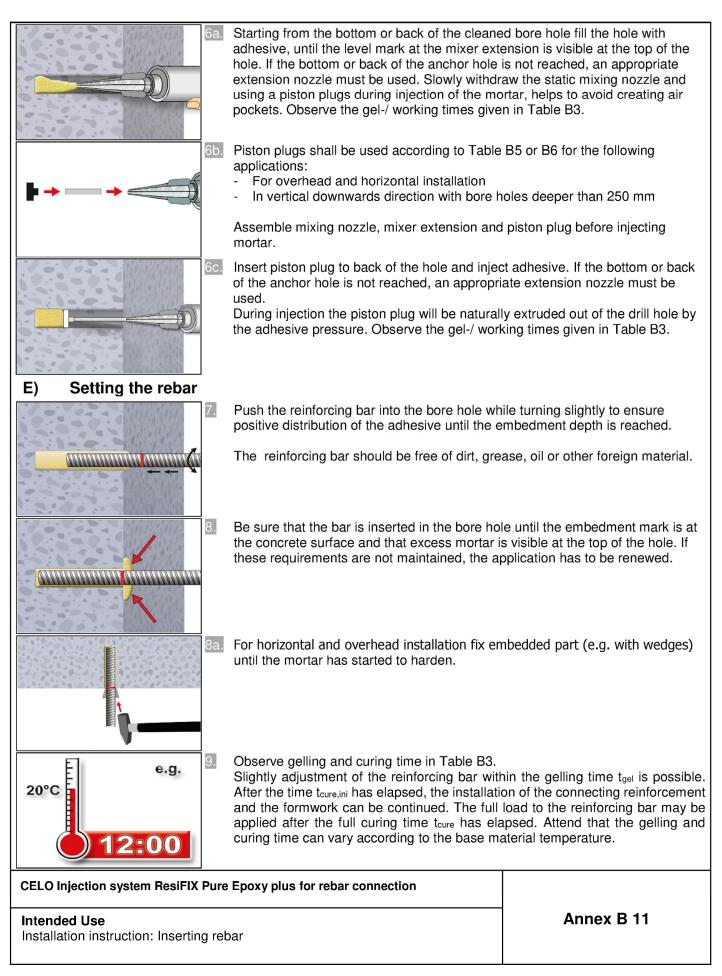
Installation instruction: Bore hole cleaning (DD)





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	Tension Anchor					M12	M16	Ma	20	M24	
Steel, zinc plat	_	A vz)									
	aracteristic tension resistance			s [kl	N1	67	125	19	96	282	
Partial factor			γ _{Ms,ľ}	-	•	0,	120	1,4			
Stainless Stee	(ZA)	A4 or ZA F		N J L.	1			.,.			
Characteristic	•		ŕ	s [kl	N1	67	125	17	71	247	
Partial factor			γ _{Ms,N} [-]		<u> </u>		1,		1,4		
Minimum a The minimum (I _{b,min} acc. to E	anchc	orage leng	th I _{b,min} and	the minimu	um lap leng	th I _{0,min} acc	cording to E	- N 1992-1- ⁻	1:2004+AC	:2010	
according to T Table C2:	Amp	olificatio	n factor 50 and 1		•	ed to col	ncrete cla		•		
Concret	te cla	ss	Dri	Drilling method			ar size		Amplification factor		
C12/15 to	o C50,	/60	all di	all drilling methods			ı to 40 mm 2 to ZA-M2₄		αι _b = αι _b	,100y	
Table C3:			50 and 1			ning met	nous;				
Rebar					C	oncrete cla	ass				
ф		C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/6	
8 to 40 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-						1,0					
	drilli fbd,Pl fbd,Pl with fbd: De diame	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and	bd bd b,100y · fbo e of the ulti illing metho	for good mate bond od for good nded partia	d conditi stress in Ν I bond cond al factor γ _c	i ons; wo I/mm² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor	PIR and for rking life sidering the all other bon rding to EN	50 and 1 concrete c d condition	loo years lasses, the is multiply t	rebar he value	
	drilli f bd,Pl f bd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing metho d recomme	for good mate bond od for good nded partia	d condition stress in Ν I bond cond al factor γ _c pording to T	i ons; wo I/mm² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor	rking life sidering the Il other bon rding to EN	50 and 1 concrete c d condition	loo years lasses, the is multiply t	rebar he value	
	drilli f bd,Pl f bd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing metho d recomme	for good mate bond od for good nded partia	d condition stress in Ν I bond cond al factor γ _c pording to T	I/mm ² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor able C3	rking life sidering the Il other bon rding to EN	50 and 1 concrete c d condition	loo years lasses, the is multiply t	rebar he value 010.	
Rebar φ 8 to 32 mm	drilli fbd,Pl fbd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1 kb, kb, ²	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and 100y:	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing metho d recomme Reduction	for good mate bond od for good nded partia factor acco	d condition r_{c} stress in N bond conditional factor γ_{c} proving to T	I/mm ² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor able C3	rking life sidering the Il other bon rding to EN	50 and 1 concrete c d condition 1992-1-1:2	loo years lasses, the is multiply t 2004+AC:20	rebar he value 010.	
Rebar φ 8 to 32 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-	drilli fbd,Pl fbd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1 kb, kb, ²	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and 100y: <u>C12/15</u> 1,6	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing metho d recomme Reduction C16/20 2,0	for good mate bond od for good nded partia factor acco C20/25 2,3	d condition stress in N bond cond al factor γ_c ording to T Ca C25/30 2,7	I/mm ² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor able C3 DICRETE Cla C30/37 3,0	rking life sidering the all other bon rding to EN ass C35/45 3,4	50 and 1 concrete c d condition 1992-1-1:2 C40/50 3,7	100 years lasses, the s multiply t 2004+AC:20 <u>C45/55</u> 4,0	rebar he value 010. <u>C50/6</u> 4,3	
Rebar φ 8 to 32 mm 2A-M12 to ZA- 34 mm	drilli fbd,Pl fbd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1 kb, kb, ²	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and 100y: <u>C12/15</u> 1,6 <u>1,6</u>	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing method d recomme Reduction C16/20 2,0 2,0	for good mate bond od for good nded partia factor acco C20/25 2,3 2,3	d condition stress in N bond cond al factor γ_c ording to T C25/30 2,7 2,6	I/mm ² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor able C3 oncrete cla C30/37 3,0 2,9	rking life sidering the ull other bon rding to EN ass C35/45 3,4 3,3	50 and 1 concrete c d condition 1992-1-1:2 C40/50 3,7 3,6	100 years lasses, the is multiply t 2004+AC:20 C45/55 4,0 3,9	rebar he value 010. C50/6 4,3 4,2	
Rebar φ 8 to 32 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-	drilli fbd,Pl fbd,Pl with fbd: De diame by η1 kb, kb, ²	ing meth $R = k_b \cdot f$ R,100y = k esign value eter, the dr =0.7) and 100y: <u>C12/15</u> 1,6	hods and bd b,100y · fbc e of the ulti illing metho d recomme Reduction C16/20 2,0	for good mate bond od for good nded partia factor acco C20/25 2,3	d condition stress in N bond cond al factor γ_c ording to T Ca C25/30 2,7	I/mm ² cons dition (for a = 1,5 accor able C3 DICRETE Cla C30/37 3,0	rking life sidering the all other bon rding to EN ass C35/45 3,4	50 and 1 concrete c d condition 1992-1-1:2 C40/50 3,7	100 years lasses, the s multiply t 2004+AC:20 <u>C45/55</u> 4,0	rebar he value 010. C50/60 4,3	



Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length under seismic action

The minimum anchorage length lb,min and the minimum lap length lb,min according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($l_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $l_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis} =$ $\alpha_{\text{lb,seis,100y}}$ according to Table C5.

Table C5: Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis} = \alpha_{lb,seis,100y}$ related to concrete class and drilling method; working life 50 and 100 years

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor αlb,seis = αlb,seis,100y
C16/20 to C50/60	all drilling methods	10 mm to 40 mm	1,0

Table C6: Reduction factor k_{b,seis} = k_{b,seis,100y} for all drilling methods; working life 50 and 100 years

Γ	Rebar	Concrete class								
	φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
	10 to 40 mm	No parameter assessed				1	,0			

Table C7: Design values of the ultimate bond stress fbd,PIR,seis and fbd,PIR,seis,100y in N/mm² for all drilling methods and for good conditions; working life 50 and 100 years $f_{bd,PIR,seis} = k_{b,seis} \cdot f_{bd}$

 $f_{bd,PIR,seis,100y} = k_{b,seis,100y} \cdot f_{bd}$

with

fbd: Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm² considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method for good bond condition (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by $\eta_1 = 0.7$) and recommended partial factor $\gamma_c = 1.5$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. Reduction factor according to Table C6 kb.seis, kb.seis,100v:

Rebar	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
10 to 32 mm		2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
34 mm	No parameter assessed	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,2
36 mm		1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,1
40 mm		1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	4,0
CELO Injection sys	stem ResiFIX Pure Ep	oxy plus fo	or rebar co	nnection					

Amplification factor $\alpha_{\text{lb,seis}} = \alpha_{\text{lb,seis},100y}$, Reduction factor $k_{\text{b,seis}} = k_{\text{b,seis},100y}$, Design values of ultimate bond resistance fbd,PIR,seis = fbd,PIR,seis,100y



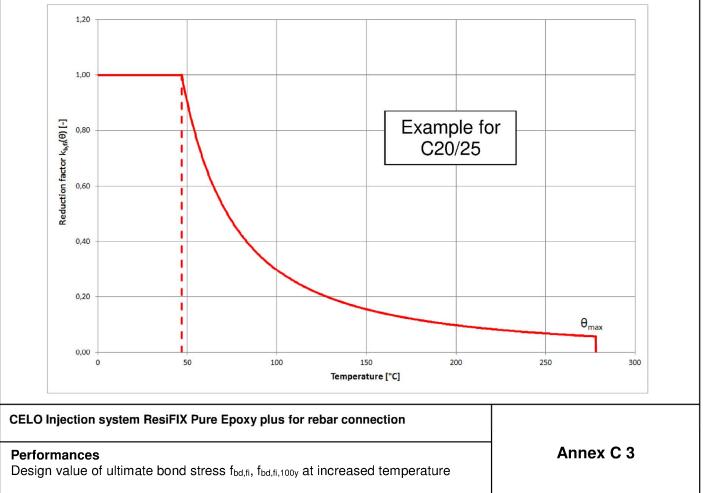
Design value of the ultimate bond stress fbd,fi, fbd,fi,100y at increased temperature for concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, (all drilling methods); working life 50 and 100 years:

The design value of the bond stress f_{bd,fi} at increased temperature has to be calculated by the following equation:

For working life with: $\theta \le 27$ $\theta > 27$	8°C:	$ \begin{split} & \mathbf{f_{bd,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \gamma_c \ / \ \gamma_{M,fi} } \\ & k_{fi}(\theta) = 4673.8 \cdot \theta^{-1.598} \ / \ (f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3) \leq 1,0 \\ & k_{fi}(\theta) = 0 \end{split} $
For working life 100 years:		$f_{bd,fi,100y} = k_{fi,100y}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR,100y} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$
with: $\theta \leq 27$	8°C:	$k_{fi,100y}(\theta) = 4673.8 \cdot \theta^{-1.598} / (f_{bd,PIR,100y} \cdot 4.3) \le 1.0$
θ > 27	8°C:	$k_{fi,100y}(\Theta) = 0$
fbd,fi, fbd,fi,100y θ kfi(θ), kfi,100y(θ) fbd,PIR, fbd,PIR,100y γc γM,fi	Temperature Reduction fa Design value Table C4 con conditions ac = 1,5, recom	e of the ultimate bond stress at increased temperature in N/mm ² e in °C in the mortar layer. ctor at increased temperature. e of the bond stress $f_{bd,PIR} = f_{bd,PIR,100y}$ in N/mm ² in cold condition according to nsidering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond ccording to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. mended partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 mended partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

For evidence at increased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent design value of ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$.

Example graph of Reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$, $k_{fi,100y}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:





	Characteristic tension resistance for tension anchor ZA under fire exposure, concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, according to EN 1992-4:2018							
C	oncrete cl	asses C12/1	5 to C50/60), according to E	N 1992-4:2018			
Tension Anchor				M12	M16	M20	M24	
Steel, zinc plated	(ZA vz)						-	
Characteristic tension	R30			2,3	4,0	6,3	9,0	
	R60		FI N 17	1,7	3,0	4,7	6,8	
resistance	R90	$N_{Rk,s,fi}$	[kN]	1,5	2,6	4,1	5,9	
	R120			1,1	2,0	3,1	4,5	
Stainless Steel (Z	A A4 or Z	A HCR)						
	R30			3,4	6,0	9,4	13,6	
Characteristic	R60	NI	[L.N.I]	2,8	5,0	7,9	11,3	
tension resistance	R90	$N_{{\scriptscriptstyleR}{\scriptscriptstylek},{\scriptscriptstyles},{\scriptscriptstylefi}}$	[kN]	2,3	4,0	6,3	9,0	
	R120			1,8	3,2	5,0	7,2	
CELO Injection system ResiFIX Pure Epoxy plus for rebar connection								
PerformancesAnnex C 4Characteristic tension resistance for tension anchor under fire exposureAnnex C 4								